



**Rhode Island Family Care Community Partnerships
Semi-annual Report
CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters Data
East Bay**

**Rhode Island Department of Children, Youth & Families
May 2012**

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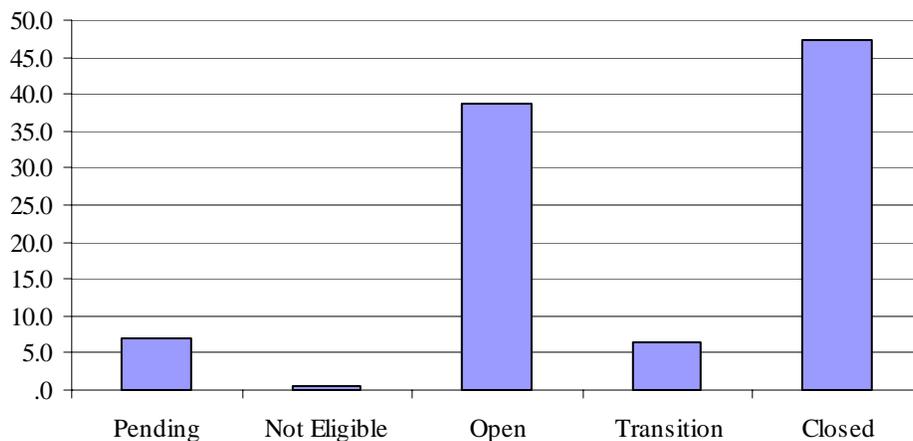
Introduction

The Rhode Island Department of Children Youth & Families produces regular reports on the Rhode Island Family Care Community Partnerships. Rhode Island Family Care Community Partnership Calendar Year 2011 3rd and 4th Quarter report provides summary data on families opened to the FCCP through July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011. This report has changed in two main ways from previous RI FCCP reports. This report combines data from a 6 month time period whereas previous reports presented data on a quarterly basis. Consistent with the change in August 2011 moving to a WRAP practice model for all families in the FCCP, this report reflects data on all families that receive WRAP, except in a few graphs / tables where required.

I. Characteristics of Active Families

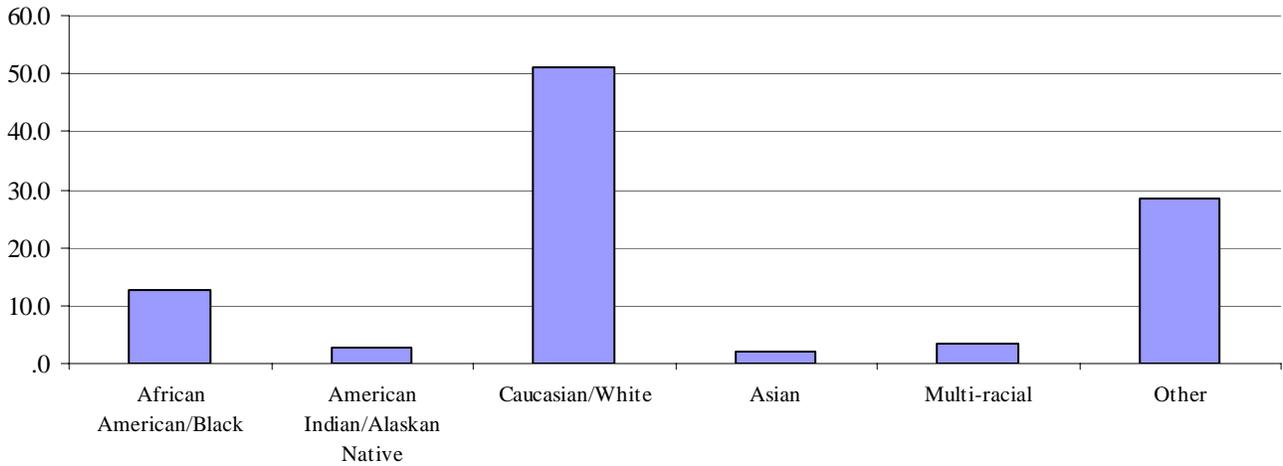
The East Bay Family Care Community Partnership (EB) had 184 families active during the CY11 3rd and 4th quarters (active defined as opened at least 1 day or greater during the quarter). The total number of children served by the FCCP during these 2 quarters was 188. A “target” child is identified within a family to allow for a single family record. A family may have more than one child receiving supports and/or services in the FCCP. Figure 1 shows the proportion of EB families within different stages of their involvement with the FCCP.

Figure 1: Percentage of EB Families by FCCP Disposition, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters



Data Source: RI Family Information System (RIFIS)

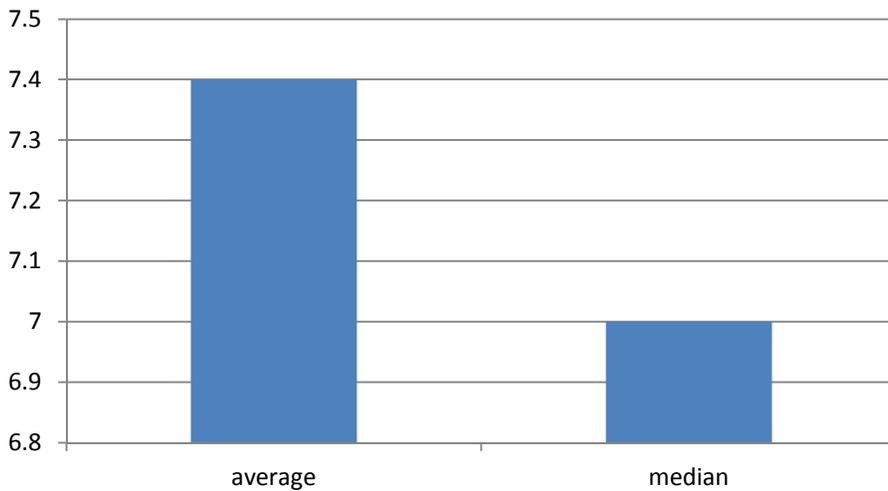
Figure 2: Race of Target Child in EB FCCP, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters



Data Source: RIFIS. Note: Technical error occurred in ethnicity, data in “other” is predominantly Latino ethnicity

Figure 3 shows the average and median age of the target child. The median age of the child remains consistent, age 7.

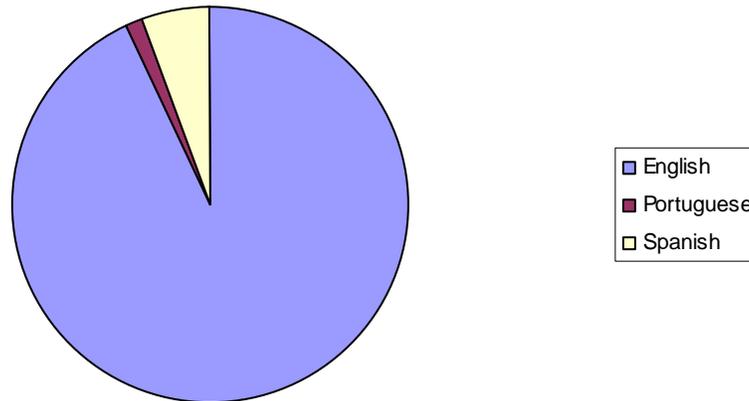
Figure 3: Average and Median Age of Target Child in EB FCCP by Quarter, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters



Data Source: RIFIS

Figure 4 shows the primary language of target children. A majority of the children speak English as their first language. The second language spoken by target children is Spanish (6%).

Figure 4: Target Child Primary Language in EB FCCP, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters

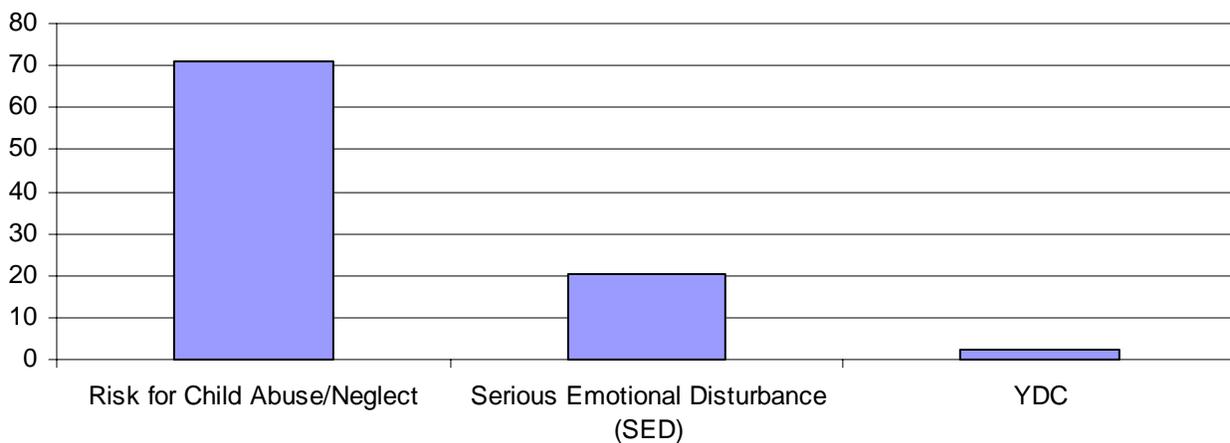


Data Source: RIFIS

III. Eligibility Criteria

There are three FCCP eligibility categories. A family may be eligible due to more than one eligibility criteria. Figure 5 shows the percent of EB FCCP families by their eligibility criteria. Over two-thirds of children are at risk of child abuse or neglect.

Figure 5: Percent of EB FCCP Families by Eligibility Criteria, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters



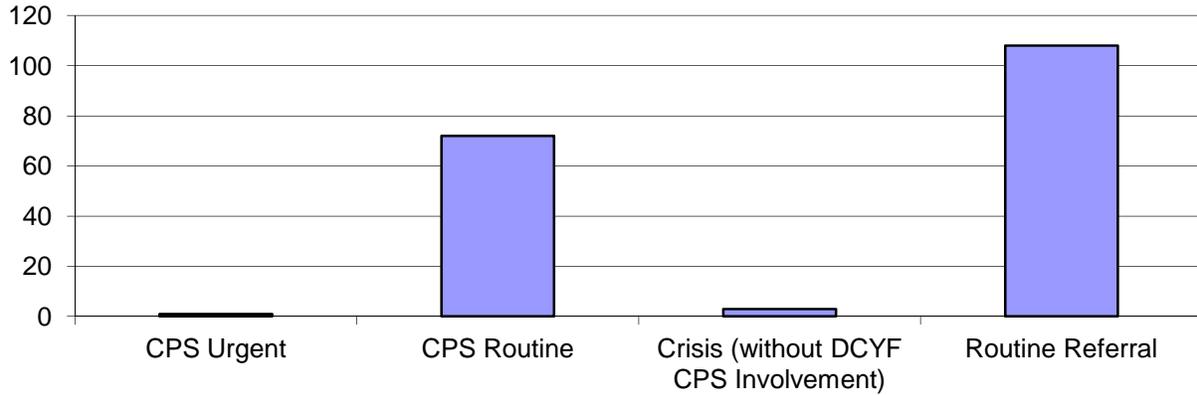
Data Source: RIFIS

FCCP Intake 1A was completed during July 1, to December 31, 2011. The numbers are not mutually exclusive because the end user can check all that apply.

IV. Response Priority: Response severity among families and face-to-face contact time by Quarter

Figure 6 shows the percentage of families broken down by their respective response priority/category at the time of intake. The greatest proportion of active families was classified as “routine” rather than emergency or urgent within response priority (response severity). This trend has been consistent across quarters since the FCCP inception.

Figure 6: Percent of EB FCCP Families by Response Priority, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters

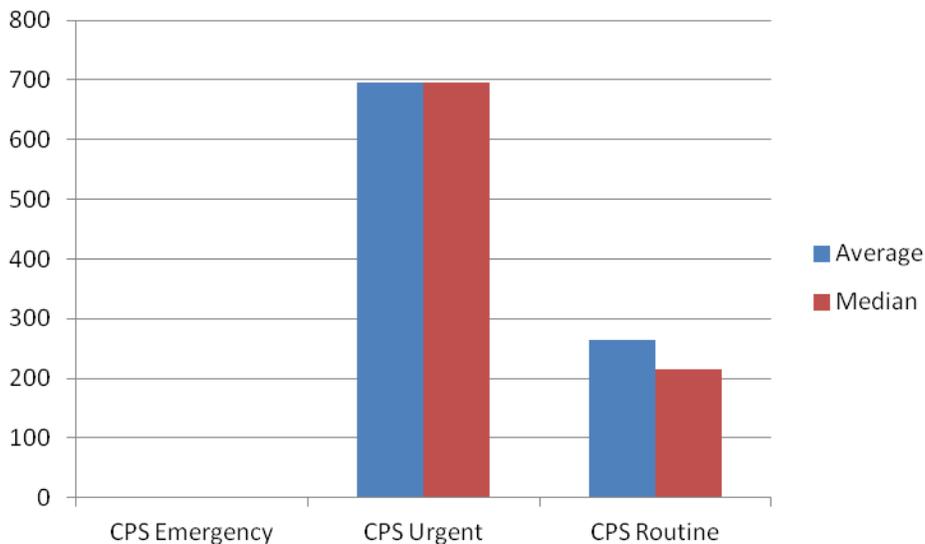


Data Source: RIFIS

Figure 7 displays data on the adherence to the FCCP standards for FCCP response time to make face-to-face with the family given their respective response priority is outlined below.

Each of the 3 DCYF severity-level response categories (Emergency, Urgent, and Routine) has a corresponding first face-to-face contact response time as defined in the FCCP Practice Standards. The largest proportion of CPS referrals is classified as routine. The median length of time to make a face-to-face visit with a family identified as routine decreased slightly to 11 days. As in the previous two quarters it was averaging between 12 and 13 days.

Figure 7: Average & median length of time (hours) to first face to face contact with family by Response Priority, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters



Data Source: RIFIS

V. Median and Average Length of Time in FCCP

Table 1 displays data on the median and average length of time families who transitioned from the EB FCCP during the two quarters. The median length of time has increased to 7 months. In previous quarters the median length of time was between 3 to 4 months. The data is based on date opened to the FCCP to FCCP close/transition.

Table 1: Median and Average Length of Time (days) in the EB FCCP

	CY11 3rd & 4th Quarters (N= 87)
Median:	198
Average:	205

Data Source: RIFIS. Data based on number of closed cases during July 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011.

VII. FCCP Referral Source

Table 2 displays the percent of DCYF Child Protective and Intake referrals made to the FCCPs. Consistent with previous quarters, DCYF indicated investigation remains the greatest proportion of referral source among these three referral categories.

Table 2: Percent of DCYF Referral Sources, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters

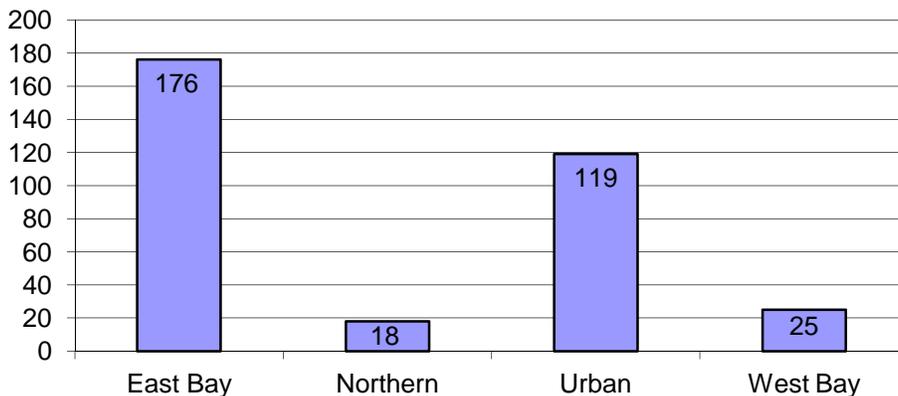
	CY11 3rd & 4th Quarters (N=184)
DCYF: Indicated Investigation	33.3
DCYF: CPI Request for Services	11.8
DCYF: Intake ISR	0.9

Data Source: RIFIS

IX. Number of Team Meeting Occurrences

Figure 8 presents the number of team meeting occurrences by FCCP. The number of team meetings has increased quarter over quarter. The table includes children/youth that were open to the FCCP for 30 days or greater as a mechanism to potentially reduce the number of children/youth who would be closed to the FCCP and have insufficient time to have a family team meeting occur.

Figure 8: Number of EB FCCP Team Meetings, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters



Data Source: RIFIS

X. Outcomes**FCCP Close Reason – Differences by the Close Reason**

Table 3 presents data on the EB FCCP close/transition reasons. The percent of families whose closed/transitioned reason was Practice Model completed and goals achieved (Wrap and Non Wrap) decreased in CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters as compared to CY11 2nd Quarter. Closed/transition reasons of, “Family declined service”, “Triaged and Referred Out”, and “Transfer Target Child to another FCCP” increased during the last 2 quarters of CY11.

Table 3: Top 10 EB FCCP close reasons, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters

FCCP Close Reason	CY11 3rd & 4th Quarters (N=87)
Team agrees Wrap completed	29.9 %
Unable to contact family	25.3%
Family declined service	10.3%
FCCP Non Wrap completed	8.0%
Family withdrew with notice	5.7%
Family moved out of area	3.4%
Family withdrew without notice	3.4%
Target child opened to DCYF and remained in home	3.4%
Other	1.1%
Transfer Target Child to another FCCP	1.1%
Triaged and Referred Out	1.1%

Data Source: RIFIS

Table 4 presents data on the top close reasons by referral source categories. Amongst the 5 referral sources, all families referred, excluding the Youth Development Center (YDC), the combined percent of families in the FCCP with “positive” close reasons of “team agrees the Wrap was completed” and “Non Wrap completed” comprise the largest proportion of close reasons in the 3rd and 4th quarters.

Table 4: Percent of FCCP Top 5 close reasons by 5 referral source categories, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters

FCCP Close Reason (N=87)	Referral Source				
	DCYF	YDC (DCYF)	Self-Referral	School	Other
Family declined service	12.5%	33.3%	0.0%	12.5%	8.3%
Family withdrew w/o notice	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%	8.3%
FCCP Non Wrap completed	15.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.2%
Team agrees Wrap completed	30.0%	0.0%	41.7%	37.5%	25.0%
Unable to reach family	15.0%	66.7%	8.3%	37.5%	41.7%

Data Source: RIFIS. Data based on the number of closed cases during July 1 to December 31, 2011.

Table 5 presents data on FCCP top close reasons by CPS and Self Referrals. For Indicated Investigation referrals, the largest proportion of “close reasons” was the combination of “FCCP Non Wrap completed” and “Team agrees Wrap Completed”. DCYF CPI Request for Services had the highest proportion of “family declined service”. DCYF Intake ISR had the highest percentage of close reason, “Unable to reach family”.

Table 5: Percent of FCCP Top 5 close reasons by 4 Referral Sources, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters

	DCYF: Indicated Investigation	DCYF: CPI Request for Services	DCYF: Intake ISR	Self-Referral
Family declined service	6.3%	42.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Family withdrew w/o notice	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%
FCCP Non Wrap completed	15.6%	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Team agrees Wrap completed	37.5%	0.0%	0.0%	19.2%
Unable to reach family	12.5%	14.3%	100.0%	4.5%

Data source: RIFIS

Table 6 presents data on cases with a close reason reportedly as “opened to DCYF”. Child opened to DCYF refers to opening to DCYF Family Service Unit or DCYF juvenile probation.

Table 6: Percent of EB FCCP families with Close Reason reported as “Opened to DCYF”, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters

	CY11 3 rd & 4 th Quarters
Child opened to DCYF	4.5%

Data Source: RIFIS. Based on the number of closed cases during CY11 3rd and 4th quarters

XI. Functional Assessments

In addition to reasons for the family transition or closing as an outcome measure, functional assessments such as the North Carolina Family Assessment, among others, inform as to whether the family has made family functional improvement as it relates to the practice model approach.

The completion of the NCFAS is low and is consistent with the trends observed since the inception of the FCCP’s. Slightly more than one-third of the active children in EB FCCP (37.4%) who were opened more than 30 days to an agency have a NCFAS baseline completed. Thirty six percent of children who closed/transitioned between July and December, 2011 and were open for greater than 30 days to an agency had a baseline and transition NCFAS.

In addition to the NCFAS, the Ages and Stages Questionnaire and the Ohio Scales are two age dependent assessments whose completion rates remain low. Of those children who were open for greater than 30 days to an agency and were less than 5 years in age, 13% had a baseline ASQ. Seventeen percent of children who were open for greater than 30 days to an agency and were ages 5 and older had a baseline Ohio Scales Parent Rating.

Table 7 provides data on the average number of days to complete the NCFAS from family opening to an agency. The FCCP standards for completing a baseline NCFAS is 45 days.

Table 7: Average Number of days for NCFAS completion by Region, CY11 3rd & 4th Quarters

	CY11 3 rd & 4 th Quarters
Average number of days to complete NCFAS baseline	21.1

Data Source: RIFIS. Calculation is determined from the agency intake start date.

NCFAS Outcomes, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters

A 6 point scale is used to rate families ranging from “serious problem (-3)” to “clear strength (+2)”. Table 8 shows the percent of ratings in each NCFAS domain at intake and transition. Families appear to be improving in each of the domain areas.

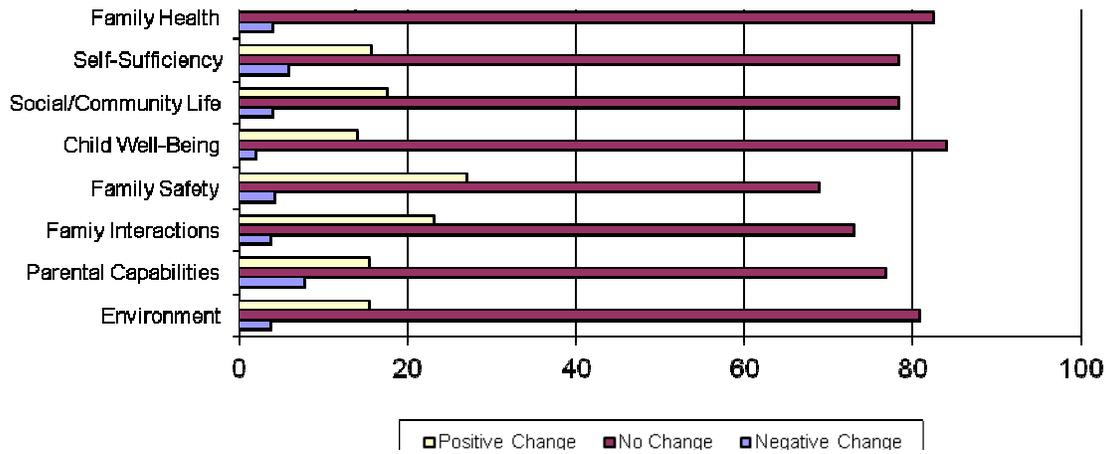
Table 8: Percent of EB FCCP ratings in each NCFAS domain at intake and discharge (N=52)

	Serious Problem (-3)	Moderate Problem (-2)	Mild Problem (-1)	Baseline/Adequate (0)	Mild Strength (+1)	Clear Strength (+2)
Environment						
<i>Intake</i>	0.0	1.9	15.4	59.6	11.5	11.5
<i>Transition</i>	0.0	3.8	11.5	50.0	21.2	13.5
Parental Capabilities						
<i>Intake</i>	0.0	0.0	25.0	42.3	21.2	11.5
<i>Transition</i>	0.0	3.8	19.2	38.5	23.1	15.4
Family Interactions						
<i>Intake</i>	0.0	13.5	13.5	42.3	26.9	3.8
<i>Transition</i>	1.9	1.9	17.3	40.4	30.8	7.7
Family Safety						
<i>Intake</i>	0.0	4.2	20.8	60.4	12.5	2.1
<i>Transition</i>	0.0	2.0	8.0	64.0	18.0	8.0
Child Well-Being						
<i>Intake</i>	0.0	4.0	22.0	50.0	18.0	6.0
<i>Transition</i>	0.0	4.0	16.0	52.0	20.0	8.0
Social/Community Life						
<i>Intake</i>	0.0	0.0	21.6	56.9	17.6	3.9
<i>Transition</i>	0.0	0.0	17.6	52.9	23.5	5.9
Self-Sufficiency						
<i>Intake</i>	0.0	2.0	17.6	51.0	19.6	9.8
<i>Transition</i>	0.0	1.9	15.4	46.2	25.0	11.5
Family Health						
<i>Intake</i>	0.0	0.0	13.5	55.8	28.8	1.9
<i>Transition</i>	0.0	0.0	7.8	60.8	25.5	5.9

Data Source: RIFIS

Figure 9 shows the amount of change a family experiences from intake to transition in each of the NCFAS domains. For example, a family received a “-2” rating in the Environment domain at intake and at transition they received a “-1” rating. This change shows up as a positive change in the figure below. While a majority of the families did not experience any change from intake to transition, significant positive changes were found in all domains, ranging from 13.7% to 27.1%. A small number of families experienced negative changes in each of the domain areas, ranging from 2.0% to 7.7%.

Figure 9: Percent of EB Families Showing Change in NCFAS Ratings, (N=52)

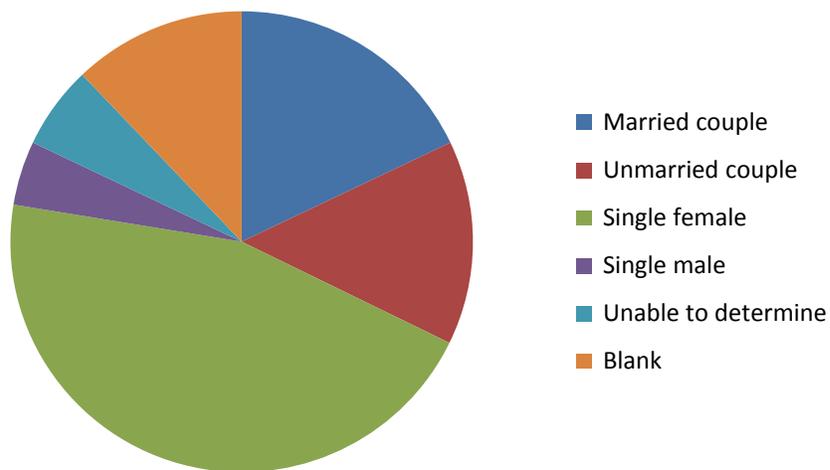


XII. EB FCCP Intake Data: Intake Data during July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011. Additional Child and Family Characteristics

The following figures show information taken from intakes conducted during July 1 to December 31, 2011. There were 92 intakes completed during these two quarters. This data represents a population that is different than the 184 families reported on in the previous sections. The 184 families may have opened to the FCCP prior to July 1, 2011 and therefore whose intake information would be prior to July 1, 2011.

Figure 9 shows the family structure of the target child. Almost half of the households served are headed by single females.

Figure 9: Family Structure of Target Child at Intake in EB FCCP, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters

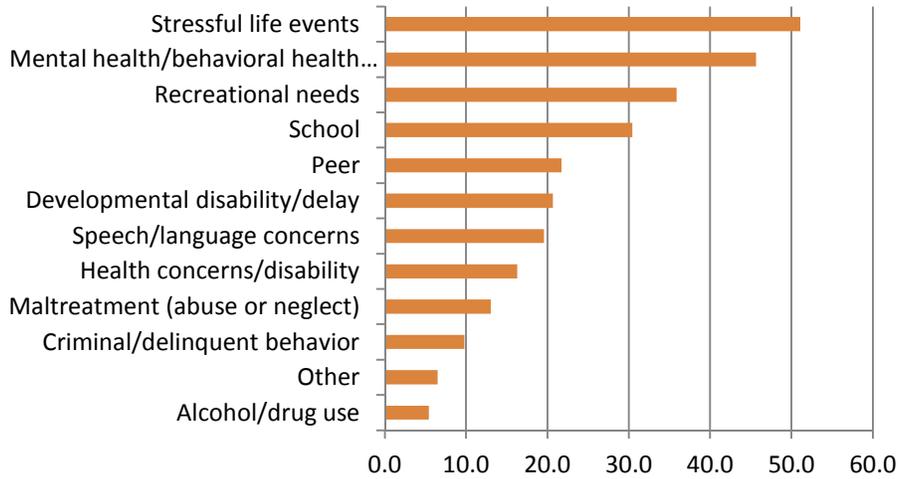


Data Source: RIFIS

FCCP Intake 1A was completed during July 1, to December 31, 2011. This is not representative of the 1563 families presented in this report because some intakes were completed prior to CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters.

Figure 10 shows the presenting concerns of the target child. Over fifty percent of the children indicated stressful life events as a concern (45.7%), followed closely by mental health/behavioral health (51.1%).

Figure 10: Percent of Presenting Concerns of Target Child at Intake in EB FCCP, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters

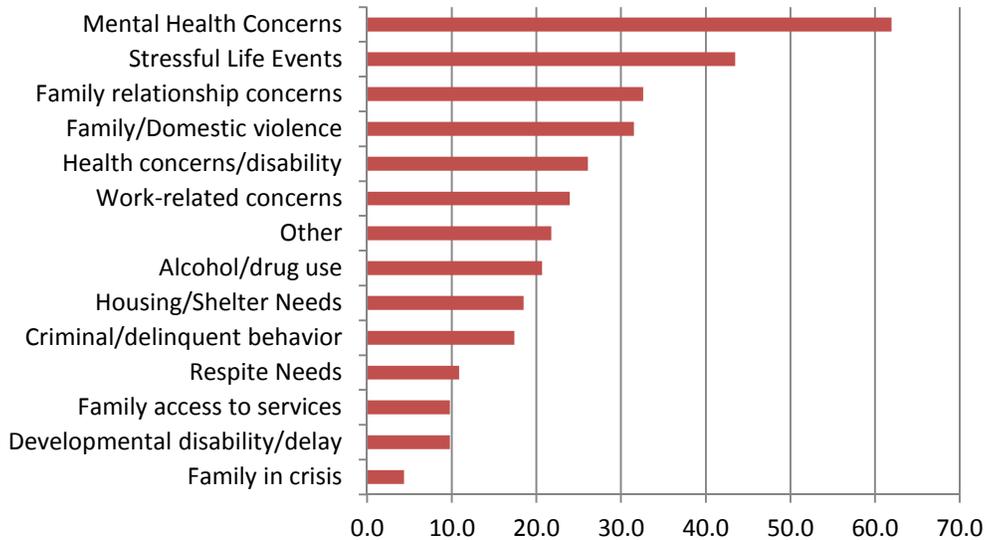


Data Source: RIFIS

FCCP Intake 1A was completed during July 1, to December 31, 2011. The numbers are not mutually exclusive because the end user can indicate up to five presenting concerns.

Figure 11 shows the percent of the caregiver/family presenting concerns. Sixty two percent had mental health concerns, followed by 44 percent who had stressful life events.

Figure 11: Percent of Caregiver/Family Presenting Concerns at Intake in EB FCCP, CY11 3rd and 4th Quarters



Data Source: RIFIS

FCCP Intake 1A was completed during July 1, to December 31, 2011. The numbers are not mutually exclusive because the end user can indicate up to five presenting concerns.