



Rhode Island Department of Children, Youth & Families

**Rhode Island Family Care Community Partnerships  
Semi-annual Report  
CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters Data  
West Bay**

**Rhode Island Department of Children, Youth & Families  
May 2012**

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CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters  
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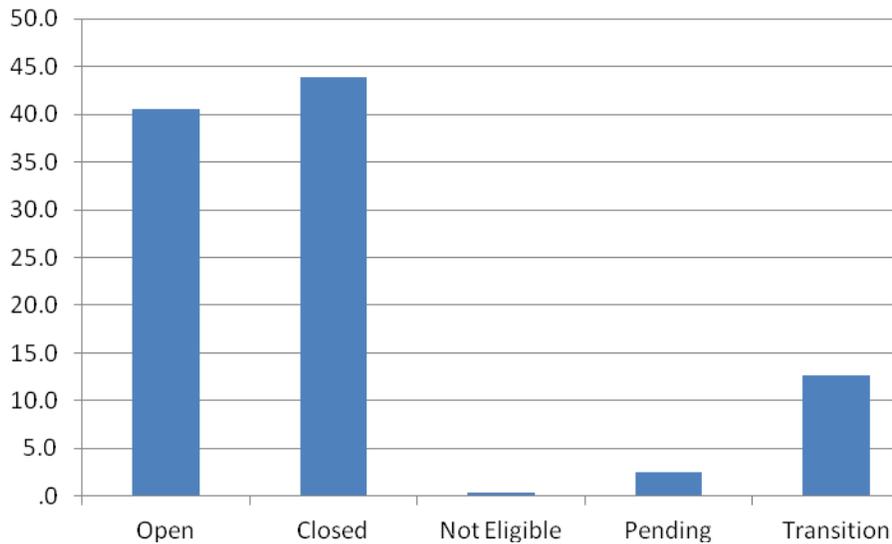
**Introduction**

The Rhode Island Department of Children Youth & Families presents the Rhode Island Family Care Community Partnership semi-annual report, Calendar Year 2011 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter. The report provides summary data on families opened to the FCCP from July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011. This report has changed in two main ways from previous RI FCCP reports. This report combines data from a 6 month time period whereas previous reports presented data on a quarterly basis. Consistent with the change in August 2011 moving to a WRAP practice model for all families in the FCCP, this report reflects data on all families that receive WRAP, except in a few graphs / tables where required.

**I. Characteristics of Active Families**

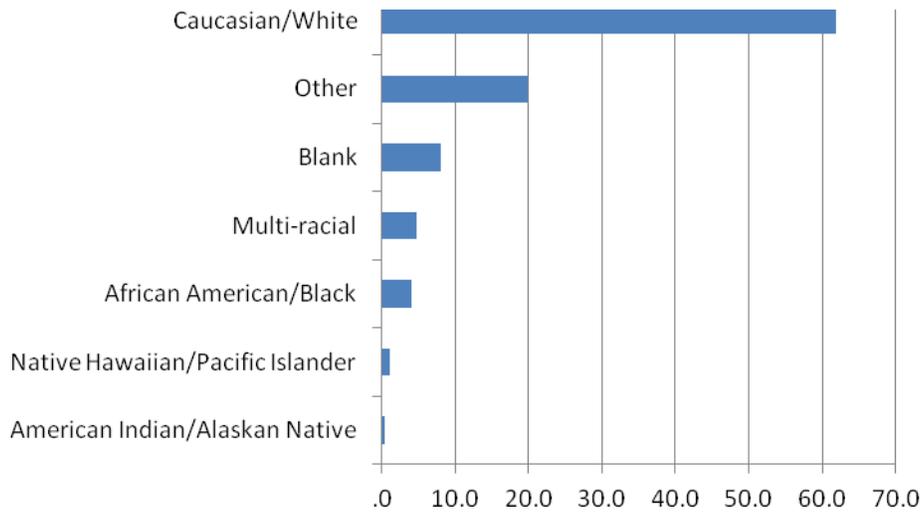
The West Bay (WB) Family Care Community Partnerships (FCCPs) had 276 families active during the CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> quarters (active defined as opened at least 1 day or greater during the quarter). The total number of children served by the FCCP during these 2 quarters was 380. A “target” child is identified within a family to allow for a single family record. A family may have more than one child receiving supports and/or services in the FCCP. Figure 1 shows the proportion of WB families within different stages of their FCCP involvement.

**Figure 1: Percentage of WB Families by FCCP Disposition, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**



Data Source: RI Family Information System (RIFIS)

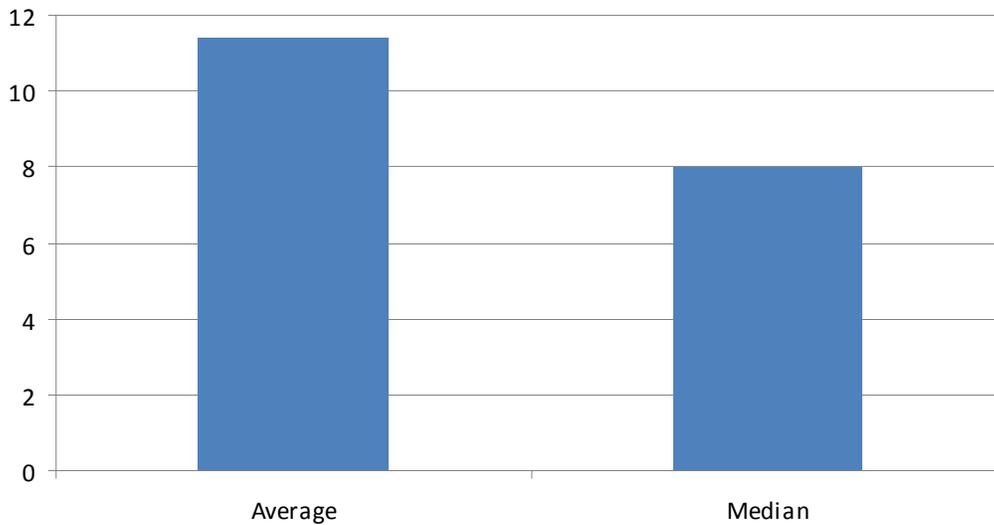
**Figure 2: Race of Target Child in WB FCCP, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**



Data Source: RIFIS. Note: Technical error occurred in ethnicity, data in “other” is predominantly Latino ethnicity

Figure 3 shows the average and median age of the child. The median age of the child has remained consistent throughout CY11, age 8.

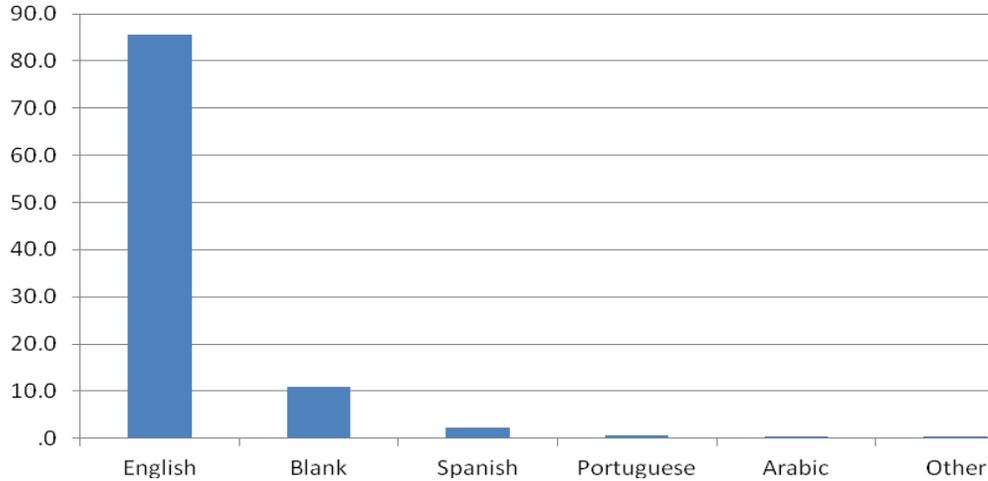
**Figure 3: Average and Median Age of Target Child in WB FCCP, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**



Data Source: RIFIS

Figure 4 shows the primary language of target children. Eighty six percent of the children speak English as their first language.

**Figure 4: Target Child Primary Language in WB FCCP, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**

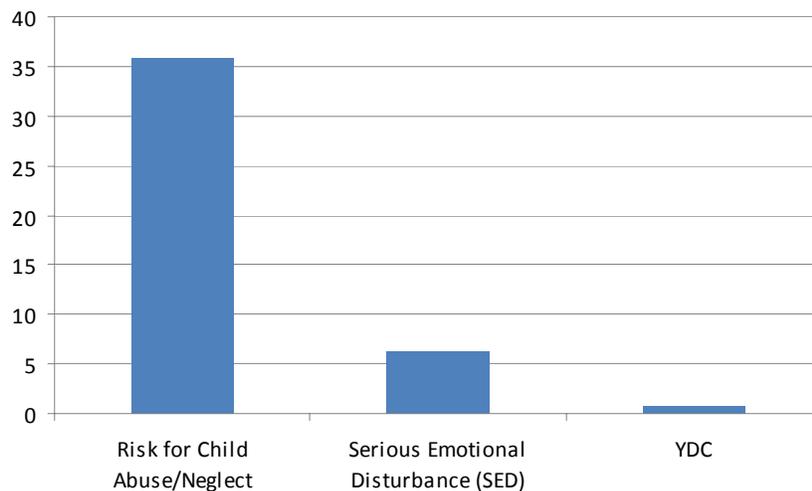


Data Source: RIFIS.

**III. Eligibility Criteria**

There are three FCCP eligibility categories. A family may be eligible due to more than one eligibility criteria. Figure 5 shows the percent of FCCP families by their eligibility criteria. Slightly more than one-third of the children were at risk of child abuse or neglect.

**Figure 5: Percent of WB FCCP Families by Eligibility Criteria, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**



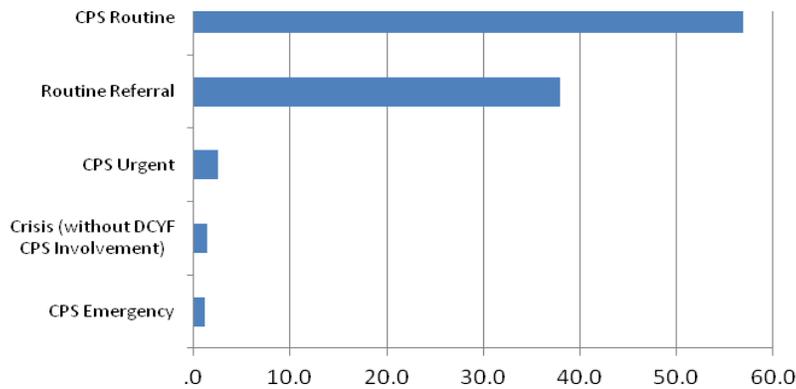
Data Source: RIFIS

FCCP Intake 1A was completed during July 1, to December 31, 2011. The numbers are not mutually exclusive because the end user can check all that apply.

**IV. Response Priority: Response severity among families and face-to-face contact time by Quarter**

Figure 6 shows the percentage of families broken down by their respective response priority/category at the time of intake. The greatest proportion of active families was classified as “routine” rather than emergency or urgent within response priority (response severity). This trend has been consistent across quarters since the FCCP inception.

**Figure 6: Percent of WB FCCP Families by Response Priority, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**

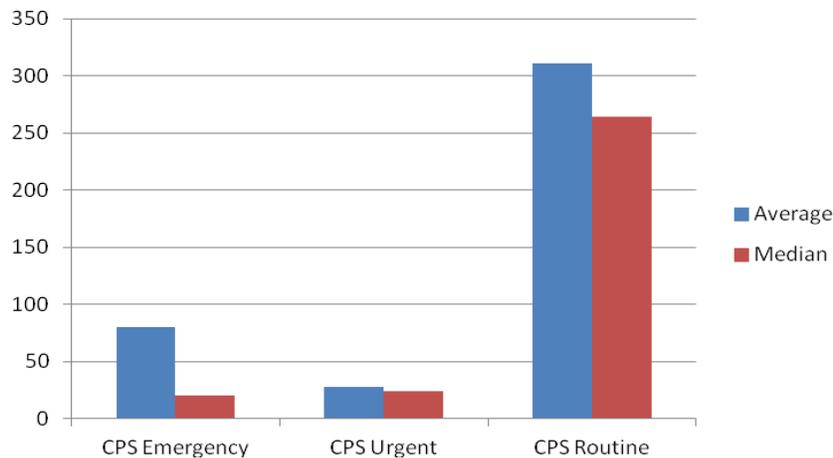


Data Source: RIFIS

Each of the 3 DCYF severity-level response categories (Emergency, Urgent, and Routine) has a corresponding first face-to-face contact response time as defined in the FCCP Practice Standards. The largest proportion of CPS referrals is classified as routine. The median length of time to make a face-to-face visit with a family identified as routine has slightly decreased a day to 11 days from the previous two quarters.

Figure 7 displays data on the adherence to the FCCP standards for first face-to-face contact with family according to severity-level response category.

**Figure 7: Average & median length of time (hours) to first face to face contact with family by Response Priority, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**



Data Source: RIFIS

**V. Median and Average Length of Time in FCCP**

Table 1 displays data on the median and average length of time families who transitioned from the WB FCCP during the two quarters. The median length of time, slightly over 8 months, has continued to increase throughout 2011. The data is based on date opened to the FCCP to FCCP close/transition.

**Table 1: Median and Average Length of Time (days) in the WB FCCP**

	<b>CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> &amp; 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters (N= 121)</b>
Median:	239.3
Average:	205.0

Data Source: RIFIS. Data based on number of closed cases during July 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011.

**VII. FCCP Referral Source**

Table 2 displays the percent of DCYF Child Protective and Intake referrals made to the FCCPs. Consistent with previous quarters, DCYF indicated investigation remains the greatest proportion of referral source among these three referral categories.

**Table 2: Percent of DCYF Referral Sources, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**

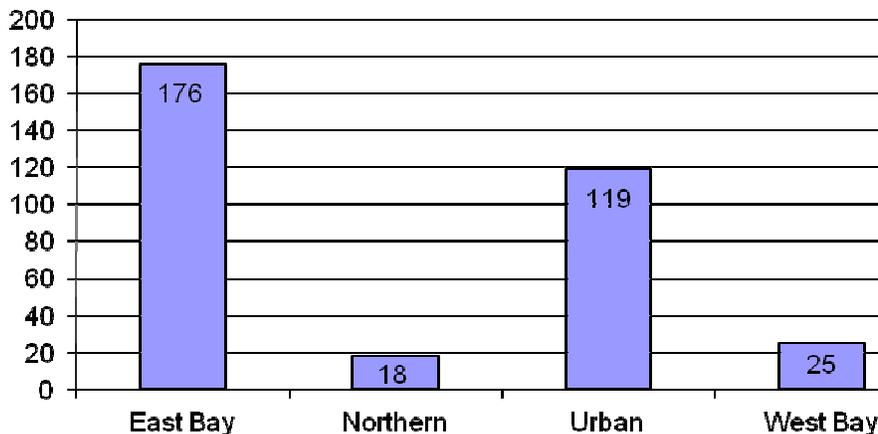
	<b>CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> &amp; 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters</b>
<b>DCYF: Indicated Investigation</b>	38.4
<b>DCYF: CPI Request for Services</b>	18.5
<b>DCYF: Intake ISR</b>	4.3

Data Source: RIFIS

**IX. Number of Team Meeting Occurrences**

Figure 8 presents the number of team meeting occurrences by region. The number of WB team meetings is consistent with the last quarter. The table includes children/youth that were open to the FCCP for 30 days or greater as a mechanism to potentially reduce the number of children/youth who would be closed to the FCCP and have insufficient time to have a family team meeting occur.

**Figure 8: Number of FCCP Team Meetings, by FCCP region, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**



Data Source: RIFIS. Further analysis will be conducted.

**X. Outcomes**

**FCCP Close Reason – Differences by the Close Reason**

Table 3 presents data on the FCCP close/transition reasons. The percent of families whose closed/transitioned reason was Practice Model completed and goals achieved (Wrap and Non Wrap) increased in CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters as compared to CY11 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter. Closed/transition reasons of “Family withdrew without notice”, “Family declined service”, “Family moved from the area”, “Target child opened to DCYF and remained in home” and “Family withdrew with notice” increased during the last 2 quarters of CY11.

**Table 3: Top 10 WB close reasons, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**

<b>FCCP Close Reason</b>	<b>CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> &amp; 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters</b>
<b>FCCP Non Wrap completed</b>	43.8%
<b>Unable to contact family</b>	11.6%
<b>Family withdrew without notice</b>	11.6%
<b>Team agrees Wrap completed</b>	6.6%
<b>Family declined service</b>	6.6%
<b>Family moved out of area</b>	5.8%
<b>Transfer Target Child to another FCCP</b>	4.1%
<b>Family withdrew with notice</b>	1.7%
<b>Target child opened to DCYF and remained in home</b>	1.7%
<b>Triaged and Referred Out</b>	0.8%

Data Source: RIFIS.

Table 4 presents data on the top WB close reasons by referral source categories. Referrals made by DCYF and “Other”, comprise the largest proportion of families in the FCCP with “positive” close reasons of “team agrees the Wrap was completed” and “Non Wrap completed” in the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> quarters.

**Table 4: Percent of FCCP Top 5 close reasons by 5 referral source categories, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**

<b>FCCP Close Reason</b>	<b>Referral Source</b>				
	<b>DCYF</b>	<b>YDC (DCYF)</b>	<b>Self-Referral</b>	<b>School</b>	<b>Other</b>
<b>Family declined service</b>	8.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%
<b>Family withdrew w/o notice</b>	8.6%	0.0%	30.8%	15.4%	8.3%
<b>FCCP Non Wrap completed</b>	53.1%	0.0%	23.1%	7.7%	50.0%
<b>Team agrees Wrap completed</b>	2.5%	0.0%	7.7%	7.7%	16.7%
<b>Unable to reach family</b>	9.9%	50.0%	7.7%	30.8%	0.0%

Data Source: RIFIS. Data based on the number of closed cases during July 1 to December 31, 2011.

Table 5 presents data on FCCP top close reasons by CPS Referral Source, specific to Indicated Investigation, CPI Request for Services and DCYF Intake ISR and Self Referral for the two quarters. For the two CPS referral sources, Indicated Investigation and Intake ISR, the largest proportion of “close reasons” was the combination of “FCCP Non Wrap completed” and “Team agrees Wrap Completed”. DCYF CPI Request for Services had the highest proportion of “unable to reach family” and “family declined service” (combined 39.2%) which more than doubled from CY11 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter.

**Table 5: Percent of FCCP Top 5 close reasons by 4 Referral Sources, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**

	<b>DCYF: Indicated Investigation</b>	<b>DCYF: CPI Request for Services</b>	<b>DCYF: Intake ISR</b>	<b>Self-Referral</b>
<b>Family declined service</b>	7.4%	12.0%	0.0%	0.0%
<b>Family withdrew w/o notice</b>	7.4%	12.0%	0.0%	30.8%
<b>FCCP Non Wrap completed</b>	64.8%	32.0%	0.0%	23.1%
<b>Team agrees Wrap completed</b>	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	7.7%
<b>Unable to reach family</b>	1.9%	28.0%	0.0%	7.7%

Data source: RIFIS

Table 6 presents data on cases with a close reason reportedly as “opened to DCYF”. Child opened to DCYF refers to opening to DCYF Family Service Unit or DCYF juvenile probation.

**Table 6: Percent of WB families with Close Reason reported as “Opened to DCYF”, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**

	<b>CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> &amp; 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters</b>
<b>Child opened to DCYF</b>	3.4%

Data Source: RIFIS. Data based on the number of closed cases during CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> quarters. Open to DCYF defined as to DCYF FSU or DCYF probation assigned or YDC

**XI. Functional Assessments**

In addition to reasons for the family transition or closing as an outcome measure, functional assessments such as the North Carolina Family Assessment, among others, inform as to whether the family has made family functional improvement as it relates to the Wrap model approach.

The completion of the NCFAS is low and is consistent with the trends observed since the inception of the FCCP’s. Sixty percent (60.4%) who were opened more than 30 days to an agency have a NCFAS baseline completed. Fifty nine percent of the 109 children who closed/transitioned between July and December, 2011 and were open for greater than 30 days to an agency had a baseline and transition NCFAS.

In addition to the NCFAS, the Ages and Stages Questionnaire and the Ohio Scales are two age dependent assessments whose completion rates remains low. Of those children who were open for greater than 30 days and were age 5 or under, only 4.5% had a baseline ASQ. Eight percent of children who were open for greater than 30 days and were ages 5 and older had a baseline Ohio Scales Parent Rating.

Table 7 provides data on the average number of days to complete the NCFAS from family opening to an agency. The FCCP standards for completing a baseline NCFAS is 45 days.

**Table 7: Average Number of days for NCFAS completion by WB Region, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**

	<b>CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> &amp; 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters</b>
<b>Average number of days to complete NCFAS baseline</b>	<b>25.6</b>

Data Source: RIFIS. Calculation is determined from the agency intake start date.

## NCFAS Outcomes, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters

A 6 point scale is used to rate families ranging from “serious problem (-3)” to “clear strength (+2)”. Table 8 shows the percent of ratings in each NCFAS domain at intake and transition. Families appear to be improving in each of the domain areas.

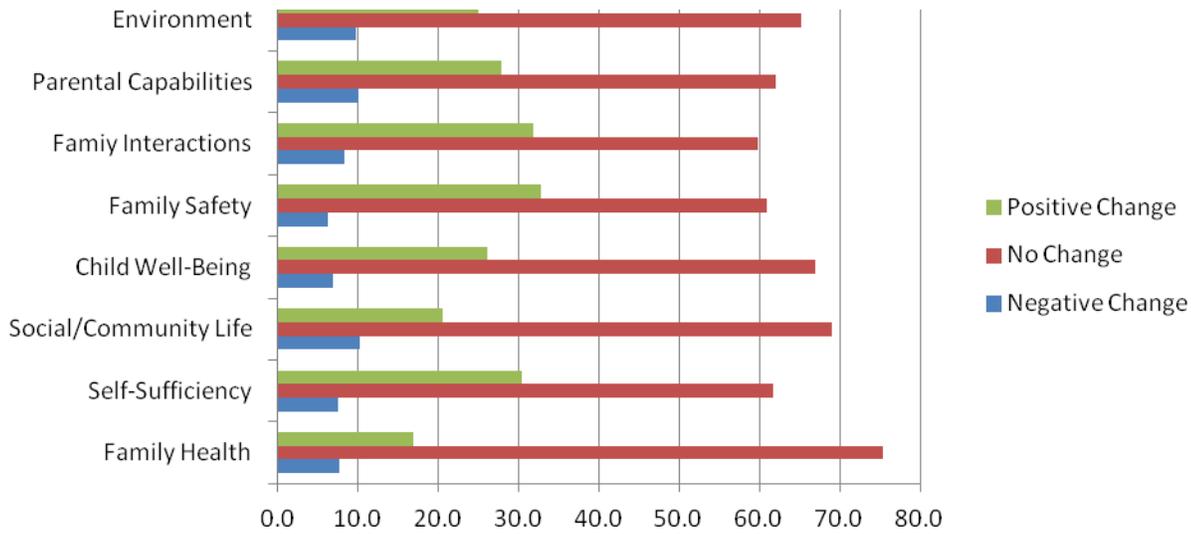
**Table 8: Percent of WB FCCP ratings in each NCFAS domain at intake and transition (N=136)**

	Serious Problem (-3)	Moderate Problem (-2)	Mild Problem (-1)	Baseline/ Adequate (0)	Mild Strength (+1)	Clear Strength (+2)
<b>Environment</b>						
<i>Intake</i>	3.7	10.3	11.8	37.5	22.8	14.0
<i>Transition</i>	1.5	3.8	13.6	39.4	23.5	18.2
<b>Parental Capabilities</b>						
<i>Intake</i>	4.5	11.3	22.6	35.3	18.0	8.3
<i>Transition</i>	1.5	8.3	18.9	33.3	24.2	13.6
<b>Family Interactions</b>						
<i>Intake</i>	3.7	17.6	24.3	32.4	18.4	3.7
<i>Transition</i>	2.3	11.4	20.5	28.8	28.8	8.3
<b>Family Safety</b>						
<i>Intake</i>	5.2	16.4	23.9	31.3	14.2	9.0
<i>Transition</i>	0.0	6.2	24.6	36.2	16.9	16.2
<b>Child Well-Being</b>						
<i>Intake</i>	3.0	24.4	22.2	25.2	17.0	8.1
<i>Transition</i>	0.8	12.2	21.4	32.8	22.9	9.9
<b>Social/Community Life</b>						
<i>Intake</i>	0.8	6.8	22.6	36.1	26.3	7.5
<i>Transition</i>	1.6	3.1	18.8	36.7	31.3	8.6
<b>Self-Sufficiency</b>						
<i>Intake</i>	5.1	22.1	25.0	22.8	16.2	8.8
<i>Transition</i>	3.1	9.9	26.0	31.3	19.1	10.7
<b>Family Health</b>						
<i>Intake</i>	2.2	23.0	30.4	28.1	8.1	8.1
<i>Transition</i>	1.5	19.1	26.0	32.8	12.2	8.4

Data Source: RIFIS

Figure 9 shows the amount of change a family experiences from intake to transition in each of the NCFAS domains. For example, a family received a “-2” rating in the Environment domain at intake and at transition they received a “-1” rating. This change shows up as a positive change in the figure below. While a majority of the families did not experience any change from intake to transition, significant positive changes were found in all domains, ranging from 16.9% to 32.8%. A small number of families experienced negative changes in each of the domain areas, ranging from 6.3% to 10.1%.

**Figure 9: Percent of WB Families Showing Change in NCFAS Ratings (N=136)**

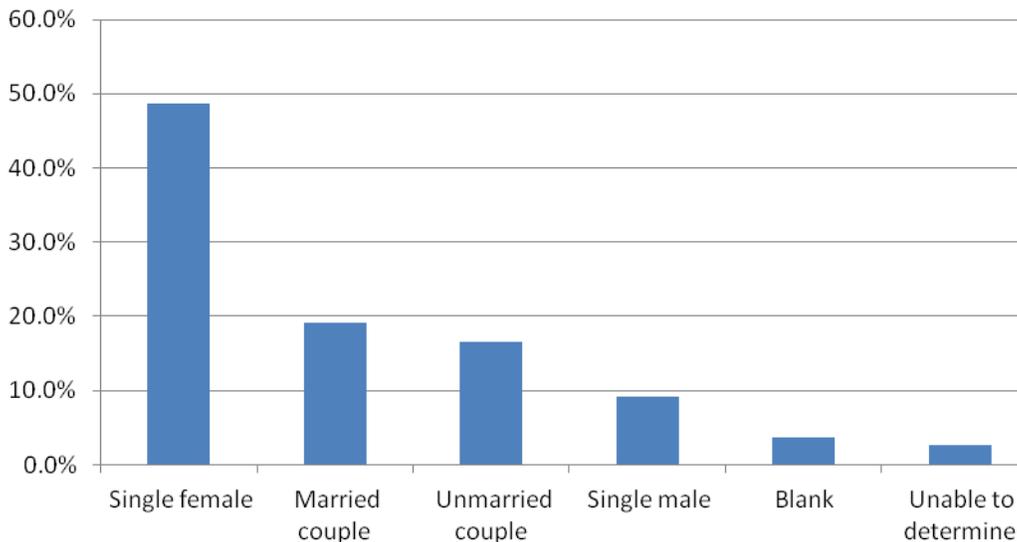


**XII. FCCP Intake Data: Intake Data during July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011. Additional Child and Family Characteristics**

The following figures show information taken from intakes conducted during July 1 to December 31, 2011. There were 110 intakes completed during these two quarters. The 276 families who are reported on in this report and were open to the FCCP during CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> quarters may have had their intake to the FCCP prior to July 1, 2011 and would not be reflected in the following figures.

Figure 10 shows the family structure of the target child. Over 50 percent of the households are headed by single females.

**Figure 10: Family Structure of Target Child at Intake in WB FCCP, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**

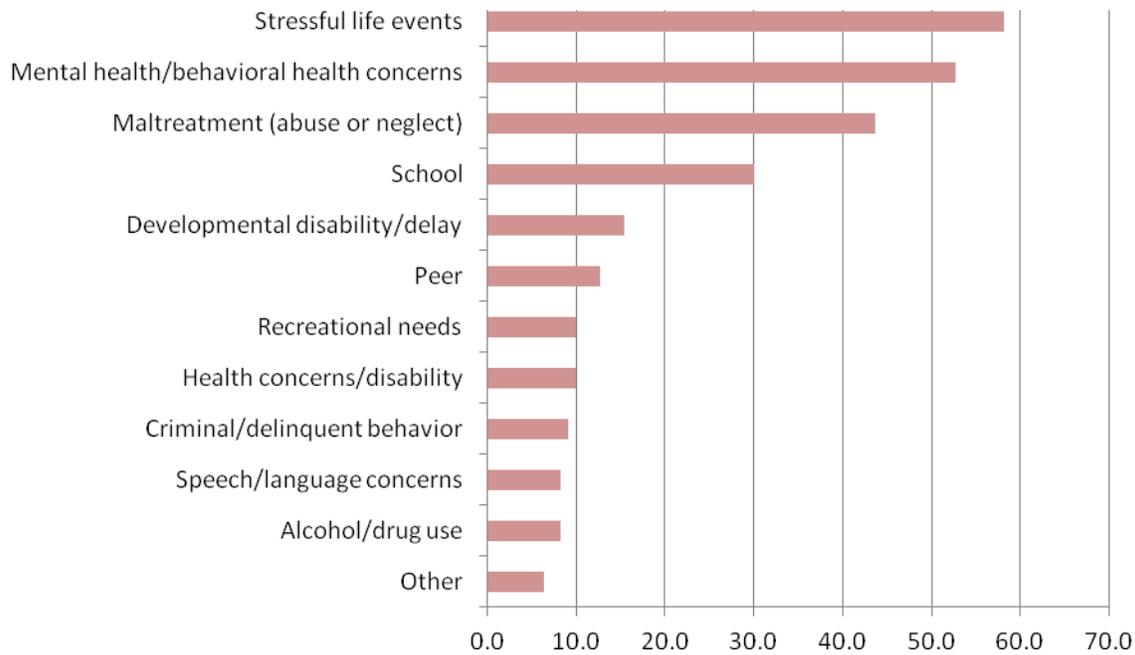


Data Source: RIFIS

FCCP Intake 1A was completed during July 1, to December 31, 2011. This is not representative of the 276 families presented in this report because some intakes were completed prior to CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters.

Figure 11 shows the presenting concerns of the target child. Over fifty percent of the children indicated stressful life events as a concern (58.2 %), followed closely by mental health/behavioral health concerns (52.7%).

**Figure 11: Percent of Presenting Concerns of Target Child at Intake in WB FCCP, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**

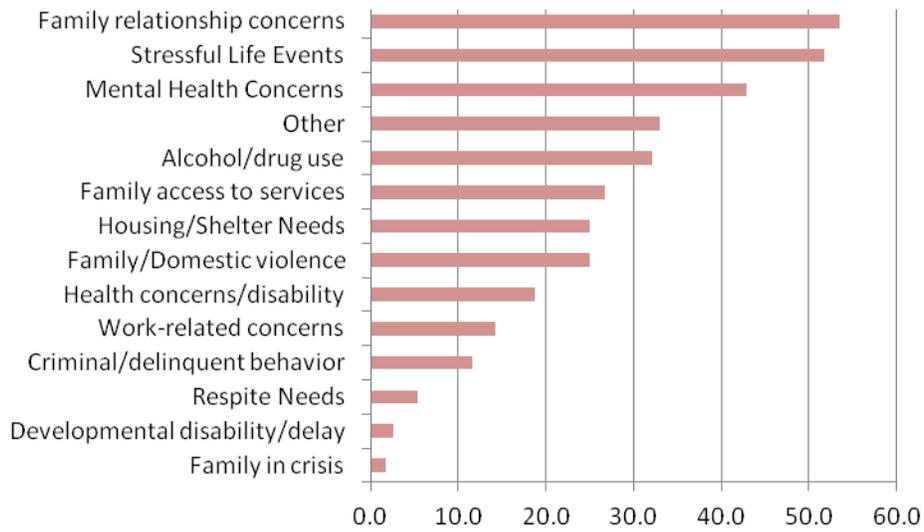


Data Source: RIFIS

FCCP Intake 1A was completed during July 1, to December 31, 2011. The numbers are not mutually exclusive because the end user can indicate up to five presenting concerns.

Figure 12 shows the percent of the caregiver/family presenting concerns. Fifty four percent had mental health concerns, followed by 52 percent who had stressful life events.

**Figure 12: Percent of Caregiver/Family Presenting Concerns at Intake in WB FCCP, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters**



Data Source: RIFIS

FCCP Intake 1A was completed during July 1, to December 31, 2011. The numbers are not mutually exclusive because the end user can indicate up to five presenting concerns.