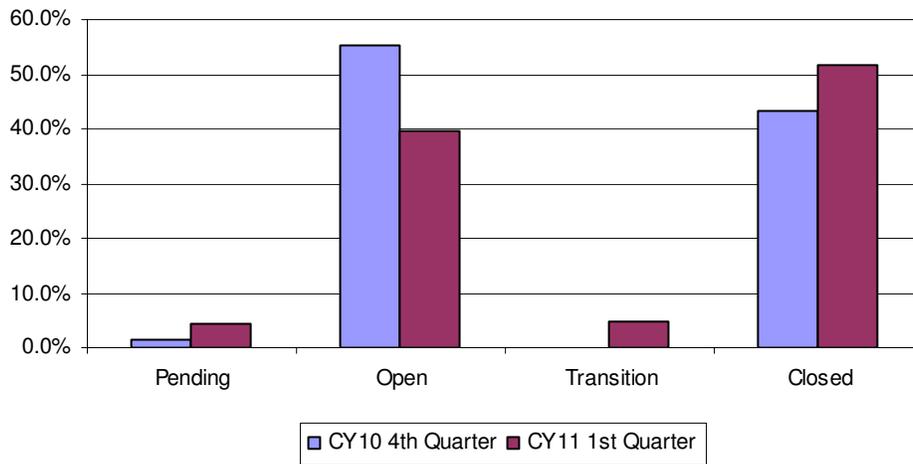


**Rhode Island Family Care Community Partnerships  
CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter and CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter Data  
Northern Rhode Island Partnership Meeting**

**I. Characteristics of Active Families**

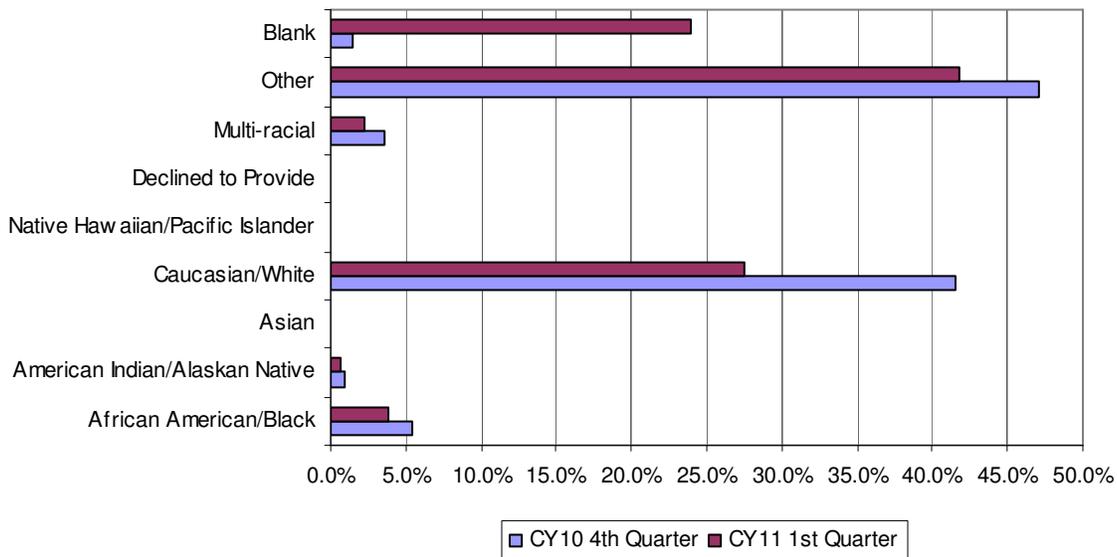
The Family Care Community Partnerships (FCCPs) had 1315 families active during the CY11 1<sup>st</sup> quarter (active defined as opened at least 1 day or greater during the quarter). Of those, Northern Rhode Island (NRI) served 306 families. All data displayed reflects CY10 4<sup>th</sup> quarter and CY11 1<sup>st</sup> quarter, unless noted.

**Figure 1: Percentage of Families in NRI FCCP by FCCP Disposition, CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**



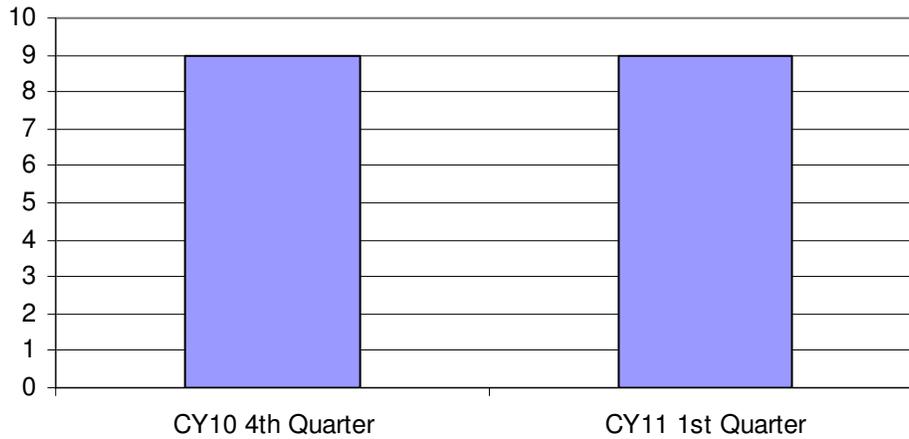
Data Source: RI Family Information System (RIFIS)

**Figure 2: Race of Target Child in NRI FCCP, CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**



Data Source: RIFIS

**Figure 3: Median Age of Target Child in NRI FCCP, CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**

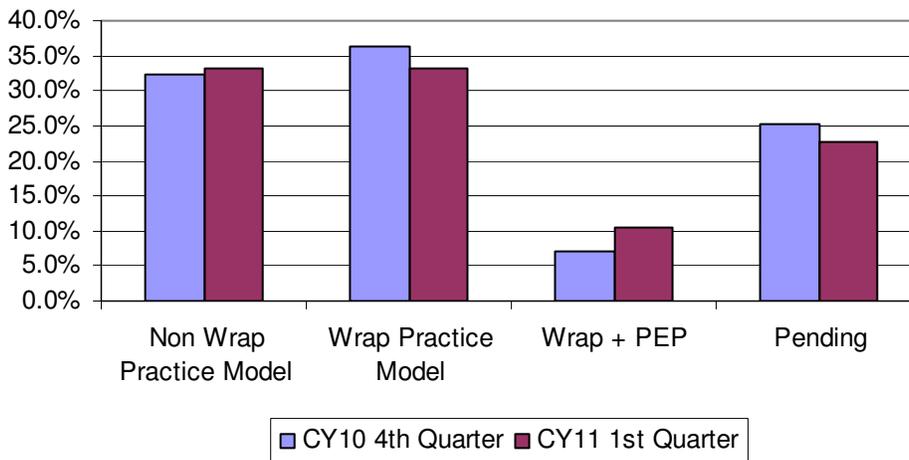


Data Source: RIFIS

**II. Wrap versus Non Wrap Practice Model: Percentage of Families in Wrap by Quarter**

The largest proportion of families active with NRI experienced the Wrap Practice model vs Non Wrap Practice Model. The largest proportion of active families statewide experienced Non Wrap Practice model vs. Wrap Practice Model. However, the proportion of families, statewide, in a Wrap Practice Model has increased since the inception of the FCCPs. .

**Figure 4: Percent of NRI Families by Practice Model, CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**



Data Source: RIFIS

<sup>1</sup> PEP: Positive Educational Partnership

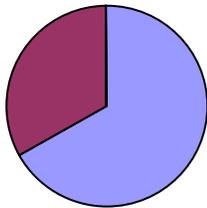
**III. Eligibility Criteria by Practice Model by Quarter**

Figure 5 shows percentage of eligibility criteria by practice model. The largest percentage of children entering the FCCP who are at risk for child abuse and neglect. NRI witnessed an increase in families experiencing Wrap whose eligibility criteria was reportedly at risk for child abuse/neglect from CY10 4<sup>th</sup>

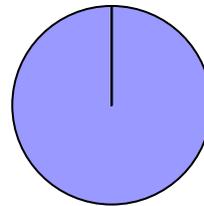
Qtr to CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Qtr. Statewide, the proportion of risk for child abuse and neglect in Non Wrap increased from CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Qtr to CY 1<sup>st</sup> Qtr.

**Figure 5: Percent of NRI FCCP Families by Eligibility Criteria by Practice Model, CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**

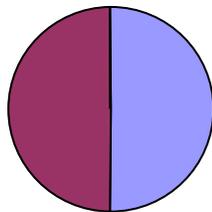
CY10 4th Quarter: Wrap



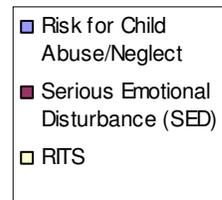
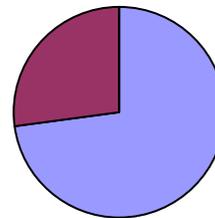
CY10 4th Quarter: Non Wrap



CY11 1st Quarter: Wrap



CY11 1st Quarter: Non Wrap



Data Source: RIFIS

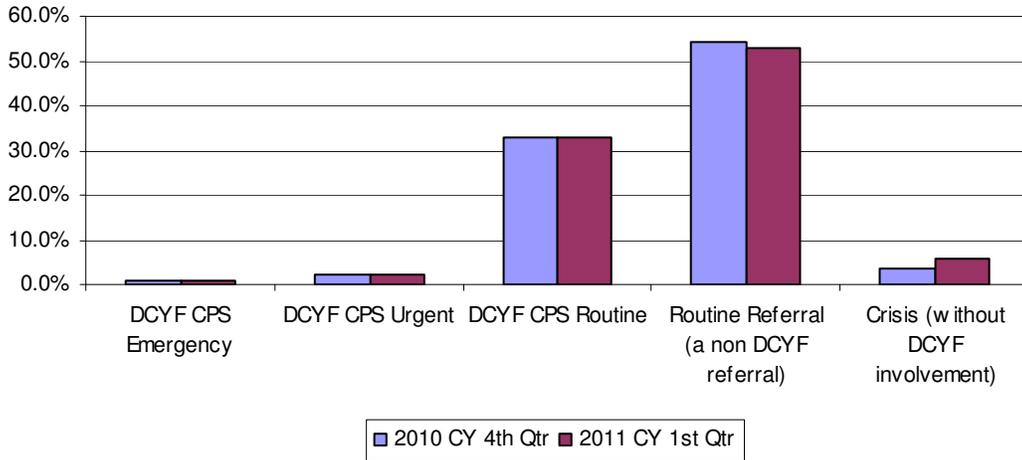
FCCP Intake 1A was completed during the quarter specified. The numbers are not mutually exclusive because the end user can check all that apply.

**IV. Response Priority: Response severity among families and face-to-face contact time by Quarter**

The greatest proportion of active families was classified as “routine” rather than emergency or urgent within response priority (response severity). This trend has been consistent across quarters since the FCCP inception.

Figure 6 shows the percentage of families broken down by their respective response priority/category at the time of intake.

**Figure 6: Percent of NRI FCCP Families by Response Priority, CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**

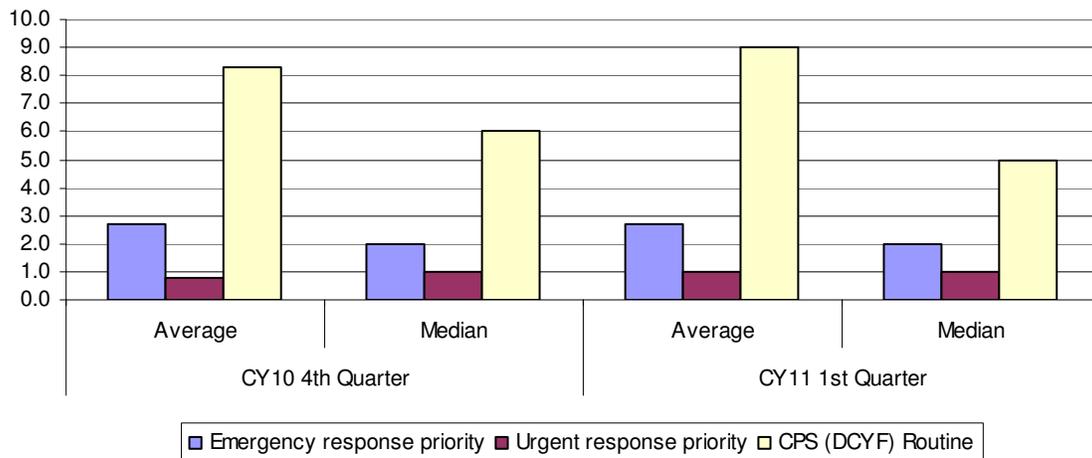


Data Source: RIFIS

Each of the 3 DCYF severity-level response categories (Emergency, Urgent, and Routine) has a corresponding first face-to-face contact response time as defined in the FCCP Practice Standards.

Figure 7 displays data on the adherence to the FCCP standards for FCCP response time to make face-to-face with the family given their respective response priority is outlined below. The median response time for the first face-to-face contact decreased in CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Qtr for families with a response DCYF CPS routine response priority.

**Figure 7: Average & median length of time (days) to first face to face contact with family in NRI FCCP by response priority, CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**



Data Source: RIFIS

**V. Median and Average Length of Time in FCCP, by State and NRI FCCP**

Table 1 displays the median and average length of time among families who exited/transitioned out of the NRI FCCPs during CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Qtr. FCCPs (based on date opened to the FCCP to FCCP close/transition).

**Table 1: Median and Average Length of Time in the NRI FCCP CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**

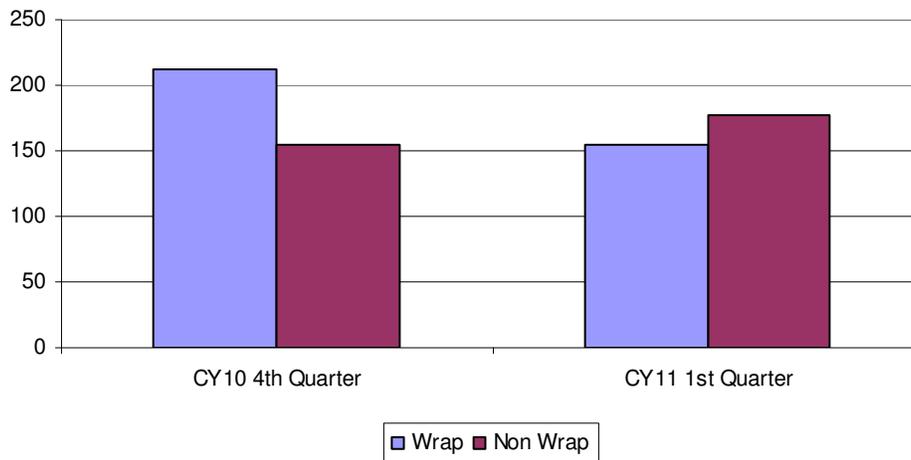
	NRI (N=158)
Median:	128.5
Average:	167.8

Data Source: RIFIS. Based on number of closed cases during CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter. The median length of time in this table is lower than the median length of time in figure 8 because children whose practice model was set to “pending” are included.

**VI. Length of Time in Practice Model by Quarter**

Figure 8 displays data comparing the length of time a family is in their respective Practice Model (among closed families). The median length of time decreased among Wrap families from 212 to 155 days. The median length of time increased among Non Wrap families from 155 to 177 days.

**Figure 8: Median Length of Time in Practice Model (in days) in NRI FCCP, CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**



Data Source: RIFIS

Based on number of closed cases during CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter and does not include children whose practice model was set to “pending.”

**VII. FCCP Referral Source and Wrap Vs Non Wrap Practice Model by Quarter**

The following data informs whether families referred by DCYF to the FCCP experience different practice model approaches compared to those families not directly referred by DCYF. The gap between Wrap and Non Wrap practice model for families referred by DCYF with and indicated investigation slightly decreased over the two quarters. This diverges from the state level findings wherein the gap remained consistently larger between Wrap and Non Wrap for those referred through DCYF Indicated Investigations compared to the Wrap and Non Wrap gaps amongst the other referral sources.

**Table 2: Percent of Top 5 NRI Referral Sources by Practice Model, CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**

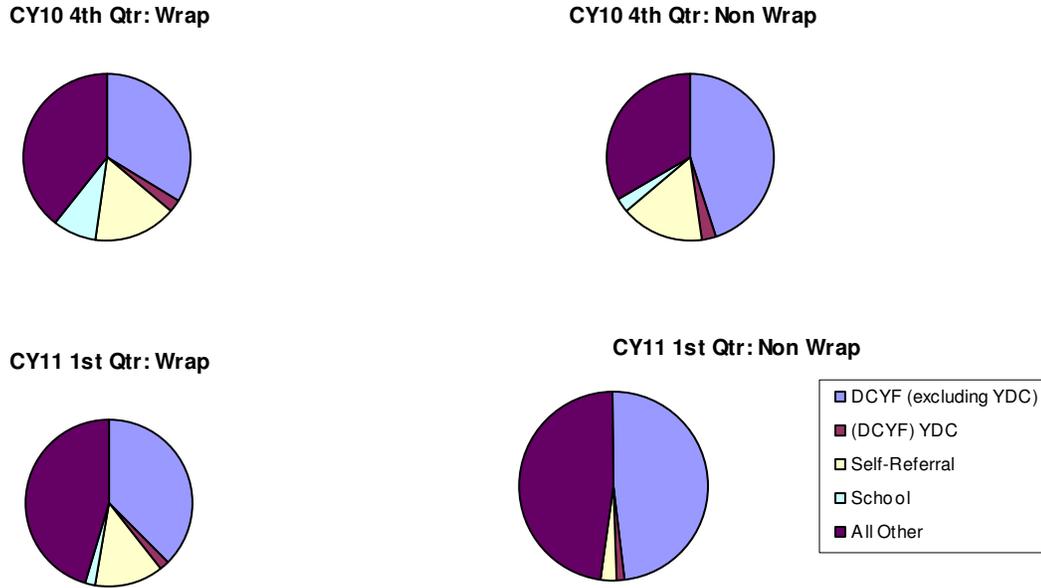
	CY10 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	CY11 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter

DCYF Data and Evaluation

	<b>Wrap</b>	<b>Non Wrap</b>	<b>Wrap</b>	<b>Non Wrap</b>
<b>DCYF: Indicated Investigation</b>	22.3%	30.4%	25.0%	30.4%
<b>DCYF: CPI Request for Services</b>	5.3%	10.1%	5.8%	13.9%
<b>DCYF: Intake ISR</b>	4.3%	1.4%	1.9%	1.3%
<b>School</b>	8.5%	2.9%	13.5%	2.5%
<b>Self Referral</b>	16.0%	15.9%	14.4%	16.5%

Data Source: RIFIS

**Figure 9: Percent of NRI FCCP Referral Sources Referral Source by Practice Model  
CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**



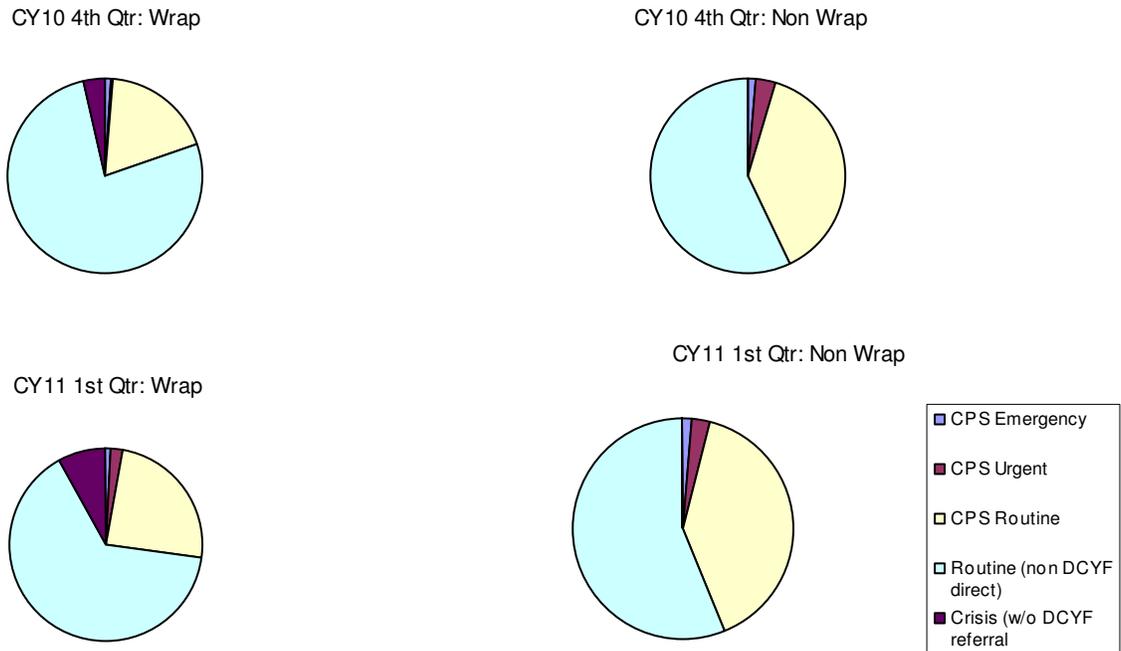
Data Source; RIFIS

<sup>3</sup> All other: the remaining 19 referral sources combined as each of these 19 sources have very low percentages. These categories are collected separately and combined for this table only.

**VIII. Families in Wrap vs. Non Wrap and their corresponding response priority by Quarter**

The data is to help inform whether families with different response priorities receive different Practice Models (Wrap Practice vs. Non Wrap). The data below illustrate a higher proportion of families who are “routine” and not directly referred by DCYF are in Wrap compared to “routine CPS (DCYF)”.

**Figure 10: Percent of Response Priority by NRI FCCP Families by Practice Model  
CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**

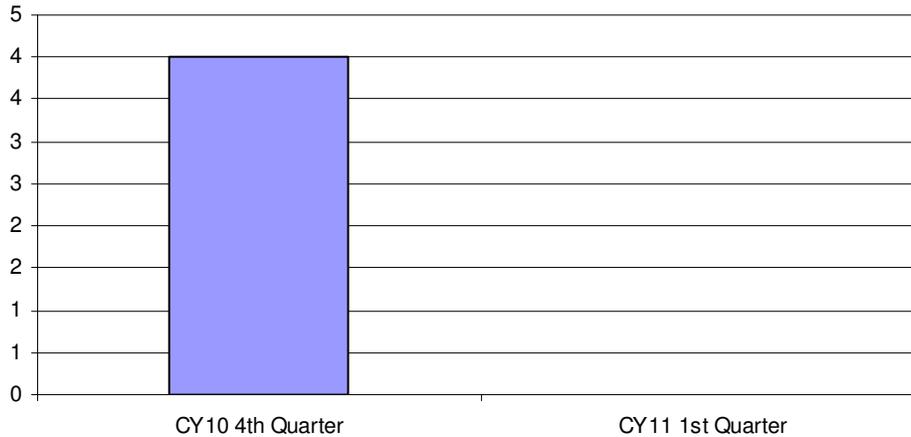


Data Source: RIFIS

\*Total will not equal 100% (excluded “pending” “blank”)

**IX. Number of Wrap team meeting occurrences by Quarter** Wrap team meeting occurrences continue to be reportedly low. This low percentage is consistent with prior quarterly reports since the FCCP inception. Figure 11 shows the number of Wrap Team Meetings among Wrap families.

**Figure 11: Number of NRI FCCP Wrap Team Meetings among Wrap Families  
CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**



Data Source: RIFIS

**X. Outcomes**

**FCCP Close Reason – Differences by the Close Reason**

To inform the exit reason outcomes, below is data on the FCCP close/transition reasons and if there are differences amongst the different referral sources. The NRI close reasons for families closed during CY11 1<sup>st</sup> quarter (NRI: N= 158) is presented in Tables 3-5 and Figure 12.

**Table 3: Top 10 NRI FCCP close reasons, CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**

FCCP Close Reason	NRI (N = 158)
Team agrees Wrap completed	20.3%
Family withdrew without notice	19.0%
FCCP Non Wrap completed	10.1%
Other	10.1%
Unable to contact family	8.2%
Family declined service	7.0%
Family withdrew with notice	5.1%
Family moved out of area	4.4%
Target child opened to DCYF and remained in home	3.2%
Target child opened to DCYF and removed from home	2.5%

Data Source: RIFIS. Based on the number of closed cases during CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter

Table 4 presents data on the top close reasons by referral source categories for CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter. Amongst families referred by DCYF, excluding the Youth Development Center (YDC), the percent of families where the team agrees the Wrap or non Wrap was completed was 21.4% and 11.9% respectively while 38.1% withdrew without notice.

**Table 4: Percent of NRI FCCP Top 5 close reasons by 4 referral source categories, CY 11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**

FCCP Close Reason	DCYF	YDC (DCYF)	Self-Referral	Other
Family declined service	9.5%	0.0%	18.8%	10.3%
Family withdrew w/o notice	38.1%	25.0%	25.0%	23.1%
FCCP Non Wrap completed	11.9%	0.0%	12.5%	23.1%
Team agrees Wrap completed	21.4%	75.0%	25.0%	38.5%
Unable to reach family	19.0%	0.0%	18.8%	5.1%

Data Source: RIFIS. Based on the number of closed cases during CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter

Table 5 presents data on cases with a close reason reportedly as “opened to DCYF”. The percent remained relatively constant from CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Qtr to CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Qtr.

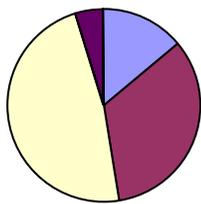
**Table 5: Percent of NRI FCCP families with Close Reason reported as “Opened to DCYF”, CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter & CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**

	DCYF Referred to FCCP	
	CY10 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	CY11 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter
Child opened to DCYF	5.2%	5.7%

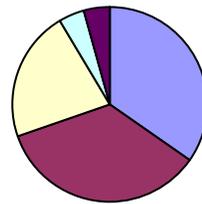
Data Source: RIFIS. Based on the number of closed cases during CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter and CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter

**Figure 12: Percent of NRI FCCP Top 5 close reasons by practice model, CY10 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter and CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**

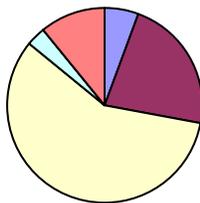
CY10 4th Qtr: Wrap



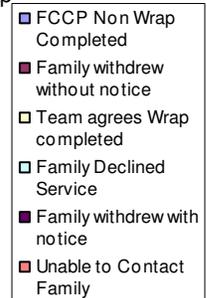
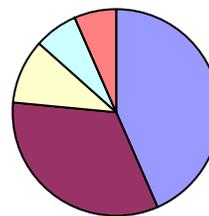
CY10 4th Qtr: Non Wrap



CY11 1st Qtr: Wrap



CY11 1st Qtr: Non Wrap



Data Source: RIFIS. Unable to Contact Family” was added as a response choice in CY11 1<sup>st</sup> quarter.

**XI. Functional Assessments**

In addition to reasons for the family transition or closing as an outcome measure, functional assessments such as the North Carolina Family Assessment, among others, inform as to whether the family has made family functional improvement as it relates to the practice model approach.

The completion of the NCFAS is low and is consistent with the trends observed since the inception of the FCCPs. Approximately 30% of the 352 children who closed/transitioned in CY11 1<sup>st</sup> quarter and were open for greater than 30 days had a baseline and transition NCFAS. The low numbers create barriers for analysis.

The FCCP standards provide 30 days for the NCFAS baseline completion.

**Table 5: Average Number of days for NCFAS completion by NRI FCCP, CY10 4<sup>th</sup> and CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Quarters**

	<b>CY10 4<sup>th</sup> &amp; CY11 1<sup>st</sup> Qtrs</b>
<b>Average number of days to complete NCFAS baseline</b>	<b>72.2</b>

Data Source: RIFIS